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| **Cancer** | **Description** | **Websites** |
| **Bladder Cancer** | Bladder cancer is cancer of the sac that collects and holds urine until it exits your body. | [www.cancer.gov](http://www.cancer.gov)[www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus](http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus)[www.mayoclinic.com](http://www.mayoclinic.com)[www.cancer.org](http://www.cancer.org) [jama.ama-assn.org](http://jama.ama-assn.org) [kidney.niddk.nih.gov](http://kidney.niddk.nih.gov) [www.afud.org](http://www.afud.org) |
| **Brain** | Adult [brain tumors](http://www.cancer.gov/Common/PopUps/popDefinition.aspx?id=387264&version=Patient&language=English) are diseases in which [cancer](http://www.cancer.gov/Common/PopUps/popDefinition.aspx?id=45333&version=Patient&language=English) ([malignant](http://www.cancer.gov/Common/PopUps/popDefinition.aspx?id=45772&version=Patient&language=English)) [cells](http://www.cancer.gov/Common/PopUps/popDefinition.aspx?id=46476&version=Patient&language=English) begin to grow in the [tissues](http://www.cancer.gov/Common/PopUps/popDefinition.aspx?id=46683&version=Patient&language=English) of the brain. |  [www.abta.org](http://www.abta.org) [www.tbts.org](http://www.tbts.org) [www.braintumor.org](http://www.braintumor.org) [www.cancer.gov](http://www.cancer.gov) [www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus](http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus) [www.mayoclinic.com](http://www.mayoclinic.com) [www.cancer.org](http://www.cancer.org) |
| **Breast Cancer** | Breast cancer is a disease in which malignant (cancer) cells form in the tissues of the breast. |  [www.avoncompany.com/women/avoncrusade](http://www.avoncompany.com/women/avoncrusade) [www.cbhp.org](http://www.cbhp.org) [www.hopkinsbreastcenter.org](http://www.hopkinsbreastcenter.org) [www.komen.org](http://www.komen.org) [www.y-me.org](http://www.y-me.org) [www.halls.md/breast/risk](http://www.halls.md/breast/risk) [www.cancer.gov](http://www.cancer.gov) [www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus](http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus) [www.mayoclinic.com](http://www.mayoclinic.com) [www.cancer.org](http://www.cancer.org) |
| **Colon and Rectal Cancer** | Colon cancer is a disease in which malignant (cancer) cells form in the tissues of the colon, the large intestine. Rectal cancer is a disease in which malignant (cancer) cells form in the tissues of the rectum, the last part of the body’s digestive system. |  [www.cancer.gov](http://www.cancer.gov) [www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus](http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus) [www.mayoclinic.com](http://www.mayoclinic.com) [www.cancer.org](http://www.cancer.org) [digestive.niddk.nih.gov](http://digestive.niddk.nih.gov) [www.asco.org](http://www.asco.org) |
| **Endometrial Cancer** | Endometrial cancer is a disease in which malignant (cancer) cells form in the tissues of the endometrium. The [endometrium](http://www.cancer.gov/Common/PopUps/popDefinition.aspx?id=46108&version=Patient&language=English) is the lining of the [uterus](http://www.cancer.gov/Common/PopUps/popDefinition.aspx?id=46645&version=Patient&language=English), where a [fetus](http://www.cancer.gov/Common/PopUps/popDefinition.aspx?id=46400&version=Patient&language=English) grows. |  [www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus](http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus) [www.cancer.gov](http://www.cancer.gov) [www.mayoclinic.com](http://www.mayoclinic.com) [www.cancer.org](http://www.cancer.org) [www.4woman.gov](http://www.4woman.gov) |
| **Kidney Cancer (Renal Cell)** | [Renal cell cancer](http://www.cancer.gov/Common/PopUps/popDefinition.aspx?id=44988&version=Patient&language=English) (also called [kidney](http://www.cancer.gov/Common/PopUps/popDefinition.aspx?id=46325&version=Patient&language=English) [cancer](http://www.cancer.gov/Common/PopUps/popDefinition.aspx?id=45333&version=Patient&language=English) or renal [adenocarcinoma](http://www.cancer.gov/Common/PopUps/popDefinition.aspx?id=46216&version=Patient&language=English)) is a disease in which [malignant](http://www.cancer.gov/Common/PopUps/popDefinition.aspx?id=45772&version=Patient&language=English) (cancer) [cells](http://www.cancer.gov/Common/PopUps/popDefinition.aspx?id=46476&version=Patient&language=English) are found in the lining of tubules (very small tubes) in the kidney. |  [www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus](http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus) [www.cancer.gov](http://www.cancer.gov) [www.mayoclinic.com](http://www.mayoclinic.com) [www.cancer.org](http://www.cancer.org) [jama.ama-assn.org](http://jama.ama-assn.org) [www.afud.org/education/kidney/kidneycancer](http://www.afud.org/education/kidney/kidneycancer) [kidney.niddk.nih.gov](http://kidney.niddk.nih.gov) |
| **Leukemia** | Leukemia is cancer that begins in blood cells and can affect adults as well as children. |  [www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus](http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus) [www.cancer.gov](http://www.cancer.gov) [kidshealth.org/parent/medical/cancer/cancer\_leukemia](http://kidshealth.org/parent/medical/cancer/cancer_leukemia) [www.mayoclinic.com](http://www.mayoclinic.com) [www.cancer.org](http://www.cancer.org) [www.leukemia-lymphoma.org](http://www.leukemia-lymphoma.org) |
| **Lung Cancer** | Cancers that begin in the lungs are divided into two major types, [non-small cell lung cancer](http://www.cancer.gov/dictionary/db_alpha.aspx?expand=n#non-small cell lung cancer) and [small cell lung cancer](http://www.cancer.gov/dictionary/db_alpha.aspx?expand=s#small cell lung cancer), depending on how the cells look under a microscope. Each type of lung cancer grows and spreads in different ways and is treated differently. |  [www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus](http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus) [www.cancer.gov](http://www.cancer.gov) [www.mayoclinic.com](http://www.mayoclinic.com) [www.cancer.org](http://www.cancer.org) [www.lungusa.org](http://www.lungusa.org) [www.lungcancer.org](http://www.lungcancer.org) [www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov](http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov)<https://www.cdc.gov/cancer/lung> |
| **Melanoma** | Melanoma is a disease in which malignant (cancer) cells form in the skin cells called melanocytes (cells that color the skin). |  [www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus](http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus) [www.cancer.gov](http://www.cancer.gov) [www.mayoclinic.com](http://www.mayoclinic.com) [www.cancer.org](http://www.cancer.org) [www.skincarephysicians.com/skincancernet](http://www.skincarephysicians.com/skincancernet) [www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov](http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov) [www.skincancer.org](http://www.skincancer.org) |
| **Non-Hodgkin’s Lymphoma** | Adult non-Hodgkin’s lymphoma is a disease in which malignant (cancer) cells form in the lymph system. The [lymph system](http://www.cancer.gov/Common/PopUps/popDefinition.aspx?id=45764&version=Patient&language=English) is part of the [immune system](http://www.cancer.gov/Common/PopUps/popDefinition.aspx?id=46356&version=Patient&language=English) and can spread to the [liver](http://www.cancer.gov/Common/PopUps/popDefinition.aspx?id=46312&version=Patient&language=English) and many other organs and tissues. |  [www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus](http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus) [www.cancer.gov](http://www.cancer.gov) [www.mayoclinic.com](http://www.mayoclinic.com) [www.cancer.org](http://www.cancer.org) [www.marrow.org](http://www.marrow.org) [www.lymphoma.org](http://www.lymphoma.org) [www.leukemia-lymphoma.org](http://www.leukemia-lymphoma.org) |
| **Pancreatic Cancer** | Pancreatic cancer is one of the most serious of all cancers. It develops when malignant cells form in the tissues of your pancreas — a large organ that lies horizontally behind the lower part of your stomach. |  [www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus](http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus) [www.cancer.gov](http://www.cancer.gov) [www.mayoclinic.com](http://www.mayoclinic.com) [www.pancreasfoundation.org](http://www.pancreasfoundation.org) [www.cancer.org](http://www.cancer.org) [www.pancreatica.org](http://www.pancreatica.org) [pathology2.jhu.edu/pancreas/hered.cfm](http://pathology2.jhu.edu/pancreas/hered.cfm) [www.yourdiseaserisk.harvard.edu/hccpquiz.pl?func=d\_start&cancer\_list=Pancreatic](http://www.yourdiseaserisk.harvard.edu/hccpquiz.pl?func=d_start&cancer_list=Pancreatic) |
| **Prostrate Cancer** | Prostate cancer is cancer of the prostate gland. The prostate's primary function is to produce seminal fluid, the fluid that nourishes and transports sperm. |  [www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus](http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus) [www.cancer.gov](http://www.cancer.gov) [www.cancer.org](http://www.cancer.org) [www.prostatecancerfoundation.org](http://www.prostatecancerfoundation.org) [www.afud.org](http://www.afud.org) [www.genome.gov](http://www.genome.gov) [www.cdc.gov/cancer/prostate](http://www.cdc.gov/cancer/prostate) |
| **Skin Cancer (Non-Melanoma)** | Basal cell and squamous cell are the two most common and comprise the large majority of cases of non-melanoma skin cancer. Both are superficial, slow growing and highly treatable, especially if found early. |  [www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus](http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus) [www.cancer.gov](http://www.cancer.gov) [www.mayoclinic.com](http://www.mayoclinic.com) [www.cancer.org](http://www.cancer.org) [www.skincancer.org](http://www.skincancer.org) [www.asds-net.org](http://www.asds-net.org) [www.aad.org](http://www.aad.org) |
| **Thyroid Cancer** | Thyroid cancer is cancer of the thyroid gland, the gland that produces hormones that regulate every aspect of your metabolism. |  [www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus](http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus) [www.cancer.gov](http://www.cancer.gov) [www.mayoclinic.com](http://www.mayoclinic.com) [www.cancer.org](http://www.cancer.org) [www.thyroid.org](http://www.thyroid.org) |